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Diagnostic testing

Discipline "Life Safety"

Term 2

Curriculum

31.05.01

Specialty

General Medicine

Form of education Designer Department Graduate Department Full-time Life safety Internal Diseases

Competence	Task	Answers	Type of complexity
UC -8	Stages of emergency development are	 a) birth, impact of the factor, attenuation b) birth, initiations, culminations, consequences c) birth, initiations, culminations, attenuation d) birth, development, attenuation 	High
UC -8	Biological emergencies are	 a) zootia, epiphytoty, epidemic b) epiphytoty, epidemic, epizootics c) epidemic, epizootics, karootia d) epizootics, zootia, epitaphs 	High
UC -8	Ambient radiation levels are reported in	 a) Gray per hour (Gy/h), Sievert per hour (Sv/h), Roentgen per hour (R/h) or rem per hour (rem/h) b) Becquerel (Bq) or the Curie (Ci) c) Gray (Gy) or Sievert (Sv) 	High
UC -8	According to the consequences, the hazards are classified into	 a) traumatic, deadly, and disease hazard. b) extremely dangerous, highly dangerous, moderately dangerous, low-risk. 	High

UC -8	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is used Safety of vital activity is	 c) radiation dangerous, biologically dangerous, chemically dangerous. d) physical, chemical, biological, psychophysiological. a) to prevent workers from becoming contaminated with radioactive material b) to prevent workers from direct, external radiation exposure c) engineering controls to maintain occupational radiation doses a) a field of scientific knowledge on human 	High Medium
		knowledge on human protection; b) environmental condition in which there is a certain probability, unlikely to cause harm to human existence; c) a science of convenient and safe interaction of a human and an environment; d) organizational and methodological measures to prevent exposure to hazards.	
UC -8	The purpose of the safety of vital activity is	 a) discovering new social phenomena; b) receiving information about methods and features of providing safe and convenient conditions 	Medium

UC -8	Earthquake, flood, cyclone, natural fires are	of human's living; c) receiving information about methods of investigating problems of environment; a) man-made disaster b) environmental emergencies c) social emergencies d) natural disaster	Medium
UC -8	What things must be present at the same time in order to produce fire?	 a) a combustible substance and a reducing agent b) opportunities for heat exchange c) oxygen, heat, and fuel 	Medium
UC -8	The damaging factors of a fire include	 a) intense gamma-ray radiation that affects people b) open fire, toxic combustion products c) the destruction of buildings and structures, the defeat of people 	Medium
UC -8	The main objective of the safety of vital activity is hazard identification of	 a) preventing pollution b) providing of high life duration and healthy conditions of living and working c) researching events and processes in the system of "human - environment" 	Medium
UC -8	Risk is	 a) a global changing of environment b) an appearance of new causes of environmental pollution c) a negative feature of living and nonliving substance which can cause harm to substance itself 	Medium

UC -8	Biological hazards are	 d) a relation of number of actual occurrences of a hazard to their theoretically possible number during a certain period of time a) excessive noise, poor lighting, radiation, magnetic fields, vibration b) depends on the physical, chemical and toxic properties of the chemical c) bacteria, viruses, insects, plants, birds, animals 	Medium
UC -8	Chemical hazards are	d) shiftwork,workload,constantlow-level noise,stress,violencea)excessivea)excessivenoise,	Medium
		poorlighting, radiation, magneticfields, vibrationb) dependsonb) dependsonb) dependsonc) bacteria,chemicalc) bacteria,viruses, insects, plants,d) shiftwork, workload, low-level noise, stress, violence	
UC -8	Disinfection	 a) destroys all microorganisms on the surface of an article or in a fluid to prevent disease transmission associated with the use of that item b) describes a process that eliminates many or all pathogenic microorganisms, 	Medium

		except bacterial spores,	
		on inanimate objects	
		c) is a removal of	
		foreign material from	
		objects and is normally	
		accomplished using	
		water with detergents	
		or enzymatic products.	
UC -8	What is WHO?	a) Worldwide Hockey	Low
00-0	what is who:	Organization	LOW
		b) Wifehood	
		Organization	
		c) Wild Horse	
		Outreach	
		d) World Health	
		Organization	
UC -8	What is an average life	a) 30 years	Low
00-0	expectancy in the end of the	b) 85-90 years	LOW
	XX century?	c) 60-65 years	
	XX century :	c) 00-05 years	
UC -8	Categories of water pollution	a) point and non-point	Low
	are	b) point, non-point,	2011
		disease	
UC -8	Ozon is	a) primary pollunants	Low
		b) secondary	
		pollunants	
		1	
UC -8	Fire accidents, explosion,	a) man-made disaster	Low
	industrial accidents are	b) natural disaster	