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## Diagnostic testing Discipline: Internal Diseases Propaedeutic *Term 3,4,5,6*

Curriculum	31.05.01
Specialty	General Medicine
Form of education	Full-time
Designer Department	Internal diseases Propaedeutic
Graduate Department	Internal diseases

Compe- tence	Task	Answers	Type of com- plexity
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right answer 1. Where vesicular res- piration is formed:	<ol> <li>in the alveoli</li> <li>in the bronchi</li> <li>in the pleural cavity</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right answer 2. In what phase of breathing is the pleural friction noise heard:	<ol> <li>1) on the inhale</li> <li>2) on exhalation</li> <li>3) on the inhale and exhale</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right answer 3. Where crepitation is formed:	<ol> <li>in the alveoli</li> <li>in the bronchi</li> <li>in the pleural cavity</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right answer 4. What department of the heart is formed by absolute stupidity:	<ol> <li>1) left atrium</li> <li>2) the left ventricle</li> <li>3) right ventricle</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right answer 5. Where is the apical thrust normally deter- mined:	<ol> <li>along the mid-clavicular line in V intercostal space</li> <li>1-1.5 cm inside from the left mid-clavicular line in V intercostal space</li> <li>1 cm outwards from the left midclavicular line in V intercostal space</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 6. The pleura is in- volved in the pathologi- cal process when:	<ol> <li>pneumonia</li> <li>bronchial asthma</li> <li>chronic bronchitis</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 7. Chest changes in em- physema of the lungs:	<ol> <li>bulging of the supraclavicular pits</li> <li>intercostal spaces are wide, the epigastric angle is greater than 90°</li> <li>the course of the edges is oblique downward</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 8. What diseases cause pulmonary hemor- rhage:	<ol> <li>chronic bronchitis</li> <li>lung cancer</li> <li>pulmonary tuberculosis4) anticonvulsant</li> <li>chronic obstructive pulmonary disease</li> </ol>	medium

PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 9. The components of bronchial obstruction are:	<ol> <li>retention and accumulation of sputum</li> <li>laryngospasm</li> <li>inflammation of the bronchi</li> <li>bronchospasm</li> <li>swelling of the mucous membrane.</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 10. In case of lobar compaction syndrome of pulmonary tissue, the following is detected:	<ol> <li>weakening of vocal tremors</li> <li>increased vocal tremors</li> <li>dullness of percussion sound</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 11. What changes in la- boratory parameters occur during myocar- dial infarction:	<ol> <li>changes in red blood cells and hemoglobin levels</li> <li>increased activity of transaminases, CPK, tropanin</li> <li>indicators         peripheral blood (leukocytosis, ESR)     </li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Define 12. Pulse deficiency is:	<ol> <li>the difference between the heart rate and pulse rate in the peripheral arteries</li> <li>different pulse in the upper limbs</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 13. Which of the follow- ing complaints are most typical for diseases of the cardiovascular sys- tem:	<ol> <li>pain behind the sternum during physical activity</li> <li>attacks of suffocation and cough with serous-bloody foamy sputum</li> <li>chest pain when breathing and coughing</li> <li>shortness of breath at rest and during exercise</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 14. Complaints of pressing pain in the chest are more common with:	<ol> <li>angina pectoris</li> <li>cardialgia</li> <li>pancytopenia</li> <li>aortic defect</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 15. Where is the systolic murmur carried out in case of aortic stenosis:	<ol> <li>to the pulmonary artery</li> <li>on the vessels of the neck</li> <li>on the xiphoid process</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 16. What is it charac- terized by: diffuse, en- hanced apical impulse in the VI intercostal	<ol> <li>1) tricuspid insufficiency</li> <li>2) aortic insufficiency</li> <li>3) mitral stenosis</li> </ol>	high

	space along the ante- rior axillary line:		
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 17. Absolute dullness of the heart is:	<ol> <li>the heart area is covered by pulmonary tissue</li> <li>the area of the heart not covered by lung tissue</li> <li>area of the base of the heart</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 18. In the pathogenesis of edema in heart dis- ease, the following fac- tors are important:	<ol> <li>increase in hydrostatic pressure in the veins and capillaries of the systemic circle</li> <li>decrease in oncotic pressure of blood plasma</li> <li>slowing down blood flow in capillaries and veins</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right answer 19. Why do patients with left ventricular failure occupy a posi- tion of ortopnea:	<ol> <li>participation of additional respiratory muscles</li> <li>cardiac output from the left ventricle increases</li> <li>the inflow to the right heart and the release of blood into the pulmonary circulation decreases</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Finish the sentence 20. Musset's symptom is	<ol> <li>rhythmic shaking of the head, coinciding with the rhythm of the heartbeat.</li> <li>the appearance of pulsation in the area of the apex beat</li> </ol>	high

## TERM 4

The competen	Task	Answers	Type of com- plexity
ce			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) length 10, diameter 6	low
PC-1.2	swer:	2) length 4-6, diameter 6-8	
PC-2.1;	1. Normal size of the	3) length 6-8, cross-section 4-6	
PC-3.1;	spleen:		
PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) sliding	low
PC-1.2	swer:	2) formation of a skin fold during inspiration	
PC-2.1;	2. The second stage of	3) immersion	
PC-3.1;	deep palpation is		
PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) drops of fat	low
PC-1.2	swer:	2) elastic fibers	
PC-2.1;	3. Creatorrhea is the	3) muscle fibers	
PC-3.1;	presence in a general		
PC-3.2;	stool analysis of:		
PC-8.2	• •		
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) strangury	low
PC-1.2	swer:	2) polyuria	

PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	4. Frequent night urina- tion is:	3) nocturia	
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 5. With hyperglycemia, the following occurs:	<ol> <li>polydipsia, polyuria</li> <li>isosthenuria</li> <li>pollakiuria</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 6. Pain in stomach dis- eases is caused by:	<ol> <li>spasm of smooth muscles</li> <li>exposure to acidic gastric juice in the area of defects mucous membrane</li> <li>inflammation of the mucous membrane</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 7. Characteristic fea- tures of vomiting in dis- eases of the stomach:	<ol> <li>occurs at the height of pain (in the epigastric region)</li> <li>repeated, does not bring relief</li> <li>brings relief</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 8. Purposes of superfi- cial palpation:	<ol> <li>determination of muscle tension in the anterior ab- dominal wall</li> <li>characteristics of the sections of the large intestine</li> <li>definition of pain</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 9. Markers of choles- tasis in a biochemical blood test are:	<ol> <li>increased ALT levels</li> <li>increase in GGTP level</li> <li>increased amylase levels</li> <li>increased level of alkaline phosphatase</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 10. Select signs of asci- tes:	<ol> <li>uniform increase in abdominal volume</li> <li>positive Ortner's sign</li> <li>dull percussion sound in the lateral abdomen</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 11. Specify the signs of portal	<ol> <li>hepatomegaly</li> <li>splenomegaly</li> <li>ascites</li> <li>spider veins</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2	Define 12. Lyentorrhea is	<ol> <li>muscle fibers in stool</li> <li>remains of undigested food in the stool</li> </ol>	medium

PC-1.1 PC-1.2	<i>Finish the sentence</i> 20. <i>Gynecomastia is</i>	<ol> <li>enlargement of the mammary glands in men</li> <li>enlarged liver</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 19. Sigmoidoscopy re- veals diseases:	<ol> <li>cecum</li> <li>transverse colon</li> <li>sigmoid colon</li> <li>rectum</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 18. Signs of pain in he- patic colic:	<ol> <li>1) dull aching</li> <li>2) acute cramping</li> <li>3) pain can radiate to the right shoulder</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 17. Hyperthyroidism is characterized by:	<ol> <li>tachycardia,</li> <li>hand trembling</li> <li>increase in body weight</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 16. What are the fea- tures of renal edema:	<ol> <li>1) start from the lower extremities</li> <li>2) start with the face</li> <li>3) appear in the morning</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 15. Signs of nephrotic syndrome include:	<ol> <li>massive proteinuria</li> <li>hypertension</li> <li>hypercholesterolemia</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 14. Signs of iron defi- ciency include:	<ol> <li>pica chlorotica</li> <li>koilonychia</li> <li>funicular myelosis</li> <li>dry skin and hair, brittle nails</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 13. B – 12 deficiency anemia is characterized by:	<ol> <li>1) microcytosis</li> <li>2) macrocytosis</li> <li>3) hyperchromia</li> </ol>	medium
PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2			

PC -2.1; PC -3.1; PC -3.2; PC -8.2		
PC -3.1;		
PC -3.2;		
PC -8.2		

## TERM 5

The competen ce	Task	Answers	Type of com- plexity
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 1. Indicate the nature of the percussion sound in emphysema:	<ol> <li>tympanic sound</li> <li>dull or dull sound</li> <li>boxed sound</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 2. Exacerbation of chronic bronchitis is characterized by:	<ol> <li>purulent sputum</li> <li>cough with purulent sputum</li> <li>the appearance of bronchial breathing</li> <li>local dullness of percussion sound</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC -8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 3. Bronchial asthma is characterized by short- ness of breath:	<ol> <li>inspiratory</li> <li>expiratory</li> <li>mixed</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 4. Arterial hypertension is blood pressure higher than:	1) 160/95 mmHg. 2) 140/90 mmHg. 3) 140/95 mmHg. 4) 139/89 mmHg.	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 5. Pain due to angina pectoris:	<ol> <li>compressive, pressing nature</li> <li>piercing nature</li> <li>lasts more than 20-30 minutes</li> <li>localized behind the sternum</li> </ol>	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 6. Indicate typical changes in blood tests in chronic bronchitis:	<ol> <li>leukocytosis</li> <li>increase in ESR</li> <li>eosinophilia</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1;	Choose the right an- swer: 7. What wheezing can be heard during bron- cho-obstructive syn- drome:	<ol> <li>dry wheezing</li> <li>wet</li> <li>dry bass</li> </ol>	medium

PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) weakened vesicular	medium
PC-1.2	swer:	2) bronchial	
PC-2.1;	8. At the height of pneu-	3) hard	
PC-3.1;	monia, breathing dur- ing auscultation:		
PC-3.2;	ing dusculution.		
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) aortic insufficiency	medium
PC-1.2	swer:	2) mitral insufficiency	
PC-2.1;	9. Diastolic murmur	3) aortic stenosis	
PC-3.1;	with an epicenter in the second intercostal		
PC-3.2;	secona intercostat space on the right, con-		
PC-8.2	ducted to the Botkin-		
	Erb point, is character-		
	istic of:		
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) pulsation of the neck veins	medium
PC-1.2	swers:	2) heartbeat 3) mixing of the anical impulse to the left and down	
PC-2.1;	10. With right ventricu- lar hypertrophy, exami-	<ul><li>3) mixing of the apical impulse to the left and down</li><li>4) epigastric pulsation</li></ul>	
PC-3.1;	nation is characterized	4) epigastric puisation	
PC-3.2;	by:		
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) change in the QRS complex	medium
PC-1.2	swers:	2) increased activity of transaminases, CPK, tropanin	
PC-2.1;	11. What signs are	3) duration	
PC-3.1;	taken into account in	pain syndrome	
PC-3.2;	the differential diagno- sis between angina pec-		
PC-8.2	toris and myocardial in-		
	farction:		
PC-1.1	Define	1) a term denoting any group of clinical signs or symp-	medium
PC-1.2	12. ACS is	toms that suggest acute myocardial infarction or unsta-	
PC-2.1;		ble angina 2) a group of diseases associated with pericardial pa-	
PC-3.1;		thology	
PC-3.2;		liology	
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) change in the QRS complex	medium
PC-1.2	swers:	2) different distance between R-R	
PC-2.1;	13. Atrial fibrillation is	3) the presence of an incomplete com-pensa $\neg$ tor pause	
PC-3.1;	characterized by:	4) appearance of f waves	
PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) a cavity with a horizontal level on the radiograph	medium
PC-1.2	swers:	2) increase in body temperature to 39°C and above	
PC-2.1;	14. Symptoms after a	3) cough with a large amount of sputum with an un-	
PC-3.1;	breakthrough of an	pleasant odor	
PC-3.2;	acute single abscess into the bronchus:	4) improvement of general condition	
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) increased vocal tremors	medium

PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	15. With hydrothorax, the following is deter- mined:	<ul><li>3) bronchial breathing</li><li>4) sharply weakened vesicular respiration</li></ul>	
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 16. With bacterial en- docarditis, the follow- ing signs are revealed:	<ol> <li>1) hemorrhagic rash</li> <li>2) urticarial rash</li> <li>3) Roth spots</li> <li>4) petechiae</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 17. The patient is expe- riencing Musse's symp- tom, an apical impulse in the 7th intercostal space in front of the un- derside. neck line (di- verse, strong, lifting). With auscultation of the heart, the following will be determined:	<ol> <li>diastolic noise and weakening of the second tone at the 2nd point and weakening tion of the first tone at 1 point of auscultation</li> <li>systemic noise and weakening of the second tone at the 2nd point and weakening of the first tone at the 1st point of the ausculum tations</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 18. List the target or- gans for hypertension:	1) kidneys 2) liver 3) brain 4) vessels	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 19. The position of or- thopnea is:	<ol> <li>raised foot end</li> <li>raised head end of the body</li> <li>lying on the affected side</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Finish the sentence 20. Capillary pulse is	<ol> <li>a change in the color intensity of the nail bed, syn- chronous with the arterial pulse, when pressed</li> <li>"nodding" movements of the head in time with the heartbeat</li> </ol>	high

## TERM 6

The	Task	Answers	Type of com-
competen			plexity
ce			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) starch grains	low
PC-1.2	swer:	2) muscle fibers	
PC-2.1;	1. Amilorrhea is the	3) remains of undigested food	
PC-3.1;	presence in feces of:		
PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2 PC-1.1	Chasse the right an	1) lunge	1.000
PC-1.1 PC-1.2	Choose the right an-	1) lungs	low
PC-1.2 PC-2.1;	swer: 2. Facies nefritica oc-	2) kidneys 3) liver	
PC-2.1; PC-3.1;	<i>curs in diseases of:</i>	3) IIVEI	
PC-3.2;	curs in diseases of.		
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) bronchial obstruction	low
PC-1.1 PC-1.2	swer:	2) heart failure	IUW
PC-1.2 PC-2.1;	<i>3. Pale skin is caused</i>	3) anemia	
PC-3.1;	by:	5) unonna	
PC-3.2;	by.		
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right answer	1) 11-9-7, (+/- 1 cm)	low
PC-1.2	4. Liver dimensions ac-	2) 9-8-7, (+/- 1 cm)	10 W
PC-2.1;	cording to Kurlov:	3) 10-9-8, (+/- 1 cm)	
PC-3.1;	cording to Kartov.	5) 10-9-0, (17- 1 cm)	
PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) different shapes of red blood cells	low
PC-1.2	swer:	2) different sizes of red blood cells	
PC-2.1;	5. Poikilocytosis is:	3) increase in the size of red blood cells	
PC-3.1;			
PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2			
1 C-0.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) 3 weeks	medium
PC-1.2	swer:	2) 3 months	
PC-2.1;	6. Glycosylated hemo-	3) 1 month	
PC-3.1;	globin is prescribed at		
PC-3.2;	intervals:		
PC-8.2			
PC-0.2			
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) general blood test	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2	swers:	2) blood glucose level	incurum
PC-1.2 PC-2.1;	7. To diagnose hyper-	3) c-peptide	
PC-3.1;	glycemia syndrome, the	4) glycosylated hemoglobin	
	following data is re-	·/ E-Jeos Janea Herito Erobin	
PC-3.2;	quired:		
PC-8.2	7		
PC-1.1	Choose the right an-	1) belching	medium
PC-1.2	swer:	2) difficulty passing a bolus of food	
PC-2.1;	8. Dysphagia is:	3) pain in the esophagus	
PC-3.1;			
. 0 5.1,	I		<u> </u>

PC-3.2;			
PC-8.2 PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 9. Vomiting coffee grounds occurs with bleeding:	<ol> <li>gastric</li> <li>esophageal</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 10. Liver palms are hy- peremia:	<ol> <li>back of the hand</li> <li>thenar, hypothenar zones</li> <li>fingers</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 11. Signs of enteral di- arrhea:	<ol> <li>polyfecal</li> <li>scanty, foul-smelling stools</li> <li>increase in frequency up to 5-6 times a day</li> <li>increase in frequency up to 15-20 times a day</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Define 12. Myxedema is	<ol> <li>"mucous edema," a disease caused by a lack of thyroid hormones.</li> <li>swelling due to liver disease</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 13. Gastric vomiting brings relief:	1) yes 2) no	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 14. Koilonychia is:	<ol> <li>transverse striation of nails</li> <li>"spoon-shaped" nails</li> <li>"thimble" nails</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 15. Signs of pain syn- drome in biliary colic:	<ol> <li>constant, continuously intensifying pain in the upper half of the abdomen, often diffuse, radiating to the back (girdles);</li> <li>acute paroxysmal pain in the right hypochondrium (suddenly begins and ends suddenly); more often lo- cal, radiating upward and to the right;</li> </ol>	medium
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1;	Choose the right an- swers:	<ol> <li>1) "head of the jellyfish"</li> <li>2) ascites</li> <li>3) hemorrhagic rash</li> </ol>	high

PC-3.2; PC-8.2	16. With portal hyper- tension syndrome, the following is revealed:		
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 P -2.1;	Choose the right an- swer: 17. Skin tone with pre-	1) olive 2) gray 3) lemon	high
PC-3.1; PC-3.2;	hepatic jaundice:		
PC-8.2			
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swers: 18. Methods for deter- mining Helicobacter pylori:	<ol> <li>1) urease breath test</li> <li>2) Gregersen reaction</li> <li>3) stool test for H. Pylori antigen</li> <li>4) thymol test</li> <li>5) histological method (when taking a biopsy)</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 19. When bleeding from the large intestine is de- tected:	<ol> <li>milena</li> <li>coffee grounds</li> <li>unchanged blood in the stool</li> </ol>	high
PC-1.1 PC-1.2 PC-2.1; PC-3.1; PC-3.2; PC-8.2	Choose the right an- swer: 20. Flatulence is:	<ol> <li>frequent belching of air</li> <li>increased gas formation</li> </ol>	high