Информация о владельце: ФИО: Косенок Сергей Михайлович Должность: ректор	kofor diagnostic testing in the discipline: munology and allergology
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Directivity (profile)	General Medicine
Form of study	Full-time
Department-developer	PATHOPHYSIOLOGY AND GENERAL PATHOLOGY
Graduate department	INTERNAL DISEASES

SEMESTER 7

Compete ncy tested	Exercise	Answer options	Question difficulty type
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 1. Cellular factors of nonspecific defense of the body include:	 a) mast cells b) leukocytes; c) macrophages d) natural killer cells e) lymphocytes 	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 2. There are the following ways to activate the complement system:	a) classic b) pectin c) alternative d) lectin	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 3. Immunocompetent cells include:	a) T-lymphocytesb) B-lymphocytec) macrophagesd) NK cells	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 4. Humoral mechanisms of antimicrobial resistance include:	a) lysozyme b) interferon c) properdin system d) natural killer cell function	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate one correct answer 5. Completed phagocytosis ends:	a) intracellular digestion b) absorption c) killing	short

GPC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) microorganisms	average
PC-8 PC-5	6. Objects for phagocytosis are:	b) the body's own dying cells	
PC-3		c) synthetic particles	
PC-2			
PC-1			
GPC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) mast cells	average
PC-8	7. Cellular factors of nonspecific	b) T-lymphocytes	
PC-5	protection include:	c) macrophages	
PC-3		d) natural killer cells	
PC-2			
PC-1			
GPC-5	Please indicate one correct answer	a) IgA	average
PC-8	8. During the primary immune response,	b) Ig M	
PC-5	the first to appear are:	c) Ig E	
PC-3 PC-2		d) IgG	
PC-2 PC-1			
10-1		e) Ig D	
GPC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) humoral factors of the	average
PC-8	9. Humoral regulation of the immune	thymus gland	
PC-5	response is carried out	b) factors that enhance	
PC-3		and suppress the	
PC-2		functional activity of	
PC-1		cells	
		c) humoral factors of macrophages	
		d) humoral factors of	
		bone marrow	
GPC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) RNGA	average
PC-8	10. The amount of immunoglobulins of	Mancini precipitation	
PC-5	different classes is determined by the	reaction	
PC-3	following methods:	c) enzyme immunoassay	
PC-2 PC-1		d) radioimmunoassay e) RSK	
rt-i			
GPC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) entry into the internal	average
PC-8	11. Autoimmune processes occur in the	environment of the body	
PC-5	following cases	of antigens from	
PC-3		physiologically isolated	
PC-2 PC-1		tissues b) in case of dysfunction of the	
10-1		immune system	
		cross-reacting antigens	
		enter the body, breaking	
		the state of tolerance	
GPC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) disruption of virus	average
PC-8	12. The mechanism of action of	reproduction inside the	
PC-5	interferons on viruses is		
PC-3		b) direct effect on the	
PC-2 PC-1		virus c) disruption of the exit of	
10-1		the virion from the cell	
GPC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) thymus	average

PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	13. Peripheral organs of the immune system include:	b) lymph nodes c) spleen d) blood.	
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 14. Objects for phagocytosis are:	a) microorganismsb) the body's own dyingcellsc) synthetic particles	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate one correct answer 15. Full antibodies are considered	 a) antibodies with at least two active centers; b) antibodies having one active center; c) antibodies produced by one clone of plasma cells. 	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 16. The reactivity of macroorganism cells to pathogenic microorganisms and toxins is due to:	 a) genotype b) the absence on the surface of such cells of receptors for the adhesion of a pathogenic agent c) rejection of skin epithelial cells 	high
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 17. The barrier function of the skin and mucous membranes is ensured by:	 a) rejection of skin epithelial cells b) active movements of the cilia of the ciliated epithelium of the mucous membranes c) secretion of exocretes from the sweat and sebaceous glands of the skin d) release of specific inhibitors and lysozyme 	high
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 18. The role of immunoglobulins is:	 a) implementation of the cellular type of immune response b) implementation of the humoral type of immune response c) implementation of nonspecific resistance factors. 	high
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 19. Based on their origin, immunoglobulins are divided into the following groups:	 a) cross-reacting b) normal c) post-infectious d) post-vaccination e) infectious 	high

GPC-5	Please indicate one correct answer	a) constant regions of the	high
PC-8	20. The active center of antibodies is	H and L chains of the	
PC-5	represented by:	immunoglobulin	
PC-3		molecule	
PC-2		b) variable regions of the	
PC-1		H and L chains of the	
		immunoglobulin	
		molecule	
		c) Fab fragments	

SEMESTER 8

Compete ncy tested	Exercise	Answer options	Question difficulty type
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	<i>Please indicate one correct</i> <i>answer</i> 1. What types of immunity do you know?	a) cellularb) humoralc) specificG) nonspecific	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	<i>Please indicate one correct</i> <i>answer</i> 2. What is the highway along which immune system cells and their humoral products are transported to the site of inflammation?	 a) microvasculature of blood b) venous bed c) lymphatic system 	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	<i>Please indicate one correct</i> <i>answer</i> 3. T-lymphocytes (thymus- dependent) are formed in:	a) bone marrow b) thymus	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate one correct answer 4. How many main links (types) of immunity are there?	a) two b) three at four	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate one correct answer 5. What type of lymphocytes is responsible for antibody formation?	A) natural killer cellsb) T-lymphocytesc) B lymphocytes .	short
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) specificityb) valencec) avidity	average

PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	6. List the properties of antibodies:	G) affinity	
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 7. Select lymphocyte subpopulations :	a) T-1 b) V-1 c) NK d) T-killers e) T-helpers	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	<i>Please indicate all correct</i> <i>answers</i> 8. What, in your opinion, are the advantages of the rosette formation method ?	 a) high professionalism of performers b) minimum expenditure of working time on analysis c) the ability to adapt methods to analyzers d) minimum cost of reagents e) the presence of special measuring equipment f) safety of reagents for the health of researchers 	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	 Please indicate all correct answers 9. What processes occur in the cell as a result of the blast transformation reaction ? 	 a) the cell increases in size. differentiation Ags appear on the cytoplasmic membrane . c) the cell is capable of actively dividing. 	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 10. What types of antigens, depending on the type of inflammation, do you know?	a) infectiousb) allergensc) autoantigensd) oncoantigens	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 11. Which immunoglobulin does not activate the complement system?	a) IgA b) IgM c) IgG d) IgE	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 12. List the factors that induce carcinogenesis:	 a) Various chemicals b) Physical factors c) Viruses of various families d) hereditary factors e) immunodeficiency states 	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5	Please indicate all correct answers	a) stages of inflammationb) type of inflammation(infectious, allergic,	average

PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	13. Indicators of the cellular and humoral components of the immune system during the immune response will vary depending on:	autoimmune, lymphoproliferative) c) phases of the immune response (primary, secondary response)	
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 14 In what type of immune response is the signal transmitted to effector T cells:	a) cellularb) primary humoralc) secondary humorald) tolerant response	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	<i>Please indicate all correct</i> <i>answers</i> 15. In what type of immune response do B lymphocytes turn into plasma cells capable of synthesizing AT:	a) cellularb) primary humoralc) secondary humorald) tolerant response	average
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 16. Specify the indications for prescribing a blood test for an immunogram:	 a) HIV infection b) Taking immunosuppressants c) Patient before and after organ transplantation d) Patient before and after chemotherapy e) Suspicion of a primary immunodeficiency state f) Suspicion of a secondary immunodeficiency state g) Allergopathology 	high
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 17. Specify the indications for prescribing a blood test for an immunogram :	 a) HIV infection b) Oncological disease c) Taking immunosuppressants d) Suspicion of a primary ID. e) Patient after organ transplantation or chemotherapy f) Frequent recurrent acute respiratory viral infections g) Taking immunotropic drugs 	high
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 18. Name the reasons for the ineffective functioning of the immune system in its fight against the pathogen:	 a) previously formed disorders in the functioning of the immune system at different stages of formation; b) an initially normally functioning immune system 	high

		 encounters too much pathogenic material; c) insufficiency or ineffectiveness of specific therapy; d) recurrent infections that are difficult to treat; e) persistent opportunistic infections, destructive pneumonia, abscesses. 	
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	Please indicate all correct answers 19. For what conditions can drugs containing IgG be prescribed ?	 a) infectious diseases b) primary and secondary IDS c) autoimmune diseases d) allergic diseases e) conditions associated with loss of immunoglobulins or protein starvation e) oncological diseases 	high
GPC-5 PC-8 PC-5 PC-3 PC-2 PC-1	<i>Please indicate all correct</i> <i>answers</i> 20. What types of infectious antigens can be used for therapeutic purposes?	 a) viruses b) bacteria c) toxins d) mushrooms e) protozoa e) prions g) allergens 	high